

## SCHOOL DISTRICT 43 COQUITLAM SCHOOL DISTRICT & COMMUNITY REPORT 2021/2022



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We express our deep gratitude to the x<sup>w</sup>m∂θk<sup>w</sup>∂ẏ̀∂m (Musqueam) Nation for the privilege of working on their traditional, ancestral and unceded territory at the Point Grey Campus of the University of British Columbia.

The Middle Years Development Instrument (MDI) project is made possible with funding from BC school districts and school boards across the country. We would like to thank and acknowledge all participating school districts for their support of and collaboration towards this project.

We are grateful to the teachers, education staff and school administrators who work directly with us to gather data and use our reports. This includes a commitment to training and completing questionnaires, engaging with students, parents and caregivers and using HELP's data and research in schools, districts and communities. We also extend our warmest appreciation to the students who take the time to share their experiences with us. Thank you.

HELP would like to acknowledge the exceptional support we have received since 2001 from the Ministries of Children and Family Development, Education and Health. This investment has enabled the expansion of HELP's unique child development monitoring system that supports high quality, evidence-informed decisions on behalf of children and their families.

#### **MDI RESEARCH LEADS**

HELP's Middle Years research is led by Dr. Kimberly Schonert-Reichl and Dr. Eva Oberle. HELP acknowledges Drs. Schonert-Reichl and Oberle for their leadership and expertise in social and emotional development research, their dedication to exploring children's experiences in the middle years and for raising the profile of children's voices, locally and internationally.

## ABOUT THE HUMAN EARLY LEARNING PARTNERSHIP

The Human Early Learning Partnership (HELP) is an interdisciplinary research institute based at the School of Population and Public Health, Faculty of Medicine, at the University of British Columbia. HELP's unique partnership brings together researchers and practitioners from across BC, Canada and internationally to address complex child development issues. HELP's research projects explore how different environments and experiences contribute to health and social inequities in children's development over their life course.

The institute was founded by Drs. Clyde Hertzman and Hillel Goelman in 1999. Clyde's vision for HELP was to advance knowledge about child development and importantly, to apply this knowledge in communities. This report, and the work of HELP over two decades, would not have been possible without his vision and passion.

To learn more please visit our website at earlylearning.ubc.ca (http://earlylearning.ubc.ca/).

#### Suggested Citation

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. INTRODUCTION TO THE MDI
- 2. **ABOUT THIS REPORT**
- 3. **2021/2022 RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM** 
  - DEMOGRAPHICS
  - WELL-BEING & ASSET INDICES
  - SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT
  - PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING
  - CONNECTEDNESS
  - USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME
  - SCHOOL EXPERIENCES
- 4. MOVING TO ACTION WITH DISCOVERMDI.CA
- 5. **REFERENCES**

## INTRODUCTION TO THE MDI

#### WHY THE MIDDLE YEARS MATTER

Experiences in the middle years, especially between the ages of 10 to 13, have critical and long lasting effects. They are powerful predictors of adolescent adjustment and future success. During this time, children are experiencing significant cognitive, social and emotional changes that establish their lifelong identity and set the stage for adolescence and adulthood. The overall health and well-being of children in their middle years affects their ability to concentrate and learn, develop and maintain friendships and make thoughtful decisions.

During the late middle childhood years (also referred to as early adolescence), children have an increased awareness of themselves and others. During middle childhood they are developing ideas about how they may or may not "fit in" to their social and academic environments (Rubin et al., 2006). These ideas have the power to either promote health and academic achievement or lead to negative outcomes such as depression and anxiety in adulthood (Jacobs et al., 2008). Although middle childhood is a time of risk, it is also a time of opportunity. There is mounting evidence to suggest that positive relationships to adults and peers during this critical time act to increase a child's resiliency and school and life success.

#### WHAT IS THE MIDDLE YEARS DEVELOPMENT INSTRUMENT?

The Middle Years Development Instrument (MDI) is a self-report questionnaire that asks children in Grade 4 to Grade 8 about their thoughts, feelings and experiences in school and in the community. It is a unique and comprehensive questionnaire that helps us gain a deeper understanding of how children are doing at this stage in their lives. Researchers working at the Human Early Learning Partnership (HELP) are using results to learn more about children's social-emotional health and well-being. In addition, the MDI is being used across sectors to support collaboration and inform policy and practice.

The MDI uses a strengths-based approach to assess five areas of development that are strongly linked to well-being, health and academic achievement. In addition, the MDI focuses on highlighting the promotive and protective factors and assets that are known to support and optimize development in middle childhood. These areas are: *Social and Emotional Development, Physical Health and Well-being, Connectedness, Use of After-School Time* and *School Experiences*. Each of these dimensions is made up of several measures. Each measure is made up of one or more individual questions.

Combining select measures from the MDI helps us paint a more comprehensive portrait of children's overall well-being and the assets that contribute to their healthy development. The results for key MDI measures are summarized by two indices: The Wellbeing Index and the Assets Index.

The following illustrates the relationship between MDI dimensions and measures, and highlights which measures contribute to the Well-being and Assets Indices.

#### MDI DIMENSIONS & MEASURES

- A measure in the Well-being Index
- A measure in the Assets Index
- \* A measure in the Grade 6, 7 and 8 MDI only



#### **SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

Measures

• Self-Esteem

• Happiness

- Optimism
   Empathy
   Prosocial Behaviour
- Absence of Sadness
  - Absence of Worries
  - Self-Regulation (Short-Term)
- Self-Regulation (Long-Term)
  \* Responsible Decision-Making
- \* Self-Awareness \* Perseverance
  - \* Assertiveness

being

\* Citizenship/Social Responsibility

Help-Seeking for Emotional Well-

Transportation To and From School



#### PHYSICAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

- Measures
- General HealthEating Breakfast
- Food
- Frequency of Good Sleep
- Meals with Adults in Your Family



#### CONNECTEDNESS

- Measures
- Adults at School
- Adults in the Neighbourhood
- Adults at Home
- Peer Belonging
- Friendship Intimacy
- Important Adults



#### USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME Measures

- Organized Activities • Educational Lessons or Activities
- Youth Organizations
- Sports
- Music or Arts

#### How Children Spend their Time After-school People/Places Children's Wishes and Barriers



### SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Measures

Academic Self-Concept School Climate School Belonging Motivation Future Goals Victimization and Bullying

For more information on all of the measures, including questions, response options and scoring for the MDI results found in this report, please refer to the <u>MDI Companion Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/mdi-companion-guide/)</u>. For additional resources visit, the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/category/mdi-essentials/)</u>.

#### CONNECTING THE MDI WITH THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL COMPETENCIES OF THE BC CURRICULUM

Your MDI data provide a unique approach to understanding children's social and emotional development and well-being in relation to the <u>BC Ministry of Education's Personal and Social Competencies (https://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/competencies)</u>.

Areas measured by the MDI reflect facets of the "Personal and Social Competency" domain of BC's Curriculum, providing valuable information for understanding children's growth and progress within this core competency. The MDI questions provide an opportunity for students to self-assess and reflect on their social and personal competency, including reflecting on MDI concepts, questions and results.



### PERSONAL & SOCIAL COMPETENCIES

#### **Positive Personal & Cultural Identity**

#### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Connectedness to Adults at Home, School and Community
- Peer Belonging
- Friendship Intimacy
- Empathy
- School Belonging
- School Climate
- Self-Esteem
- Academic Self-Concept
- Importance of Grades
- Friends & Learning
- Self-Awareness
- Perseverance
- Responsible Decision-Making

#### Personal Awareness & Responsibility

#### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Academic Self-Concept
- Self-Esteem
- Self-Regulation
- General Health
- Optimism
- Self-Awareness
- Perseverance
- Responsible Decision-Making
- Assertiveness
- Use of After-School Time

#### **Social Responsibility**

#### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Citizenship and Social Responsibility
- Prosocial Behaviour
- Empathy
- School Climate
- Connectedness to Adults at School
- Connectedness to Peers
- Self-Regulation
- Assertiveness

## ABOUT THIS REPORT

#### HOW THE RESULTS ARE REPORTED

School district data in this report includes all children who participated within the public school district in 2021/2022. Administration of the MDI took place between the months of January to mid-March 2022.

School district data is compared to the **average for all districts**, which includes children from all participating public school districts. Districts with large populations contribute more in computing the **average for all districts** than districts with smaller populations. Results for large districts tend to be closer to the average for all districts. Please see the table below for a list of participating districts, and note that the average is based on participating districts and **does not** represent all school districts in the entire province.

Where school districts or neighbourhoods contain fewer than 35 children, the results are suppressed. The data in this report have been rounded. Many questions on the MDI allow children to provide multiple responses. Totals for some measures and questions may not equal 100%.

#	School District	# of Children	Participation Rate
5	Southeast Kootenay	392	91%
6	Rocky Mountain	214	88%
10	Arrow Lakes	24	65%
19	Revelstoke	80	90%
20	Kootenay-Columbia	299	84%
22	Vernon	542	84%
23	Central Okanagan	1,469	81%
34	Abbotsford	1,306	89%
40	New Westminster	461	91%
43	Coquitlam	1,862	84%
46	Sunshine Coast	205	79%
48	Sea to Sky	373	86%
57	Prince George	802	83%
64	Gulf Islands	76	78%
67	Okanagan Skaha	330	86%
71	Comox Valley	543	72%
82	Coast Mountains	216	78%
	Total	9,194	

#### **UNDERSTANDING MDI DATA**

The **MDI Companion Guide** provides information on all of the measures, including questions, response options and scoring, for the MDI results found in this report. The guide is available to <u>download here (https://www.discovermdi.ca/resources/mdi-companion-guide/)</u>.

For more information on the MDI, including answers to common questions such as, what is the MDI; why use the MDI and how to use the MDI, visit the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide</u> (<u>https://www.discovermdi.ca/</u>).



A Companion Guide to the Middle Years Development Instrument (MDI)



## 2021/2022 RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM

#### DEMOGRAPHICS

Population		Gender Identity	
Total Sample	1862	Boys	53%
Participation Rate	84%	Girls	46%
Children completing MDI at school	100%	In Another Way	3%
Children completing MDI at home	0%		
Languages Spoken at Home			
First Nations, Métis or Inuit	0%	Mandarin	7%
Cantonese	5%	Punjabi	1%
English	86%	Spanish	4%
French	3%	Filipino/Tagalog	1%
Hindi	1%	Vietnamese	1%
Japanese	2%	Other	19%
Korean	6%		

**Total Sample:** Refers to the total number (#) of children represented in this report. Children are included in the sample if they complete a question and the data are reported.

**Participation Rate:** Refers to the percentage of the Grade 5 population that participated in the MDI survey this year. In 2021/22, due to the global pandemic and in response to requests from school districts, boards and/or associations, the MDI was administered to a small percentage of children at home or in remote settings.

**Gender Identity:** Children are asked to describe their gender as "Boy," "Girl" or "In another way." Children may choose not to answer the question at all. Children are able to select more than one response and therefore, in some cases, percentages may not add to 100%. Data are suppressed where fewer than 5 children selected the response.

Languages Spoken at Home: Children are able to select more than one language spoken at home.

**First Nations, Métis or Inuit Languages:** If a child selects "First Nations, Métis or Inuit" as a language spoken in the home, they are then asked to identify, if possible, the specific language. First Nations, Métis or Inuit language data are not publicly available.

**Other:** A limited selection of languages is offered on the MDI questionnaire. The "Other" category gives children an opportunity to enter their own response(s).

## WELL-BEING & ASSETS INDICES

Combining select measures from the MDI helps us paint a more comprehensive portrait of children's overall well-being and the assets that contribute to their healthy development. The results for key MDI measures are summarized by two indices. This section of the report focuses on results for the Well-being Index and the Assets Index. Learn more about the important relationship between individual measures, the Well-being Index and the Assets Index in the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/intro-to-mdi-dimensions-and-indices/)</u>.

#### WELL-BEING INDEX

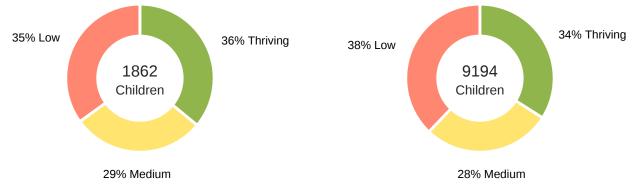
# The Well-being Index combines MDI measures relating to children's physical health and social and emotional development that are of critical importance during the middle years. These are: Optimism, Happiness, Self-Esteem, Absence of Sadness and General Health.

Scores from these five measures are combined and reported by three categories of well-being, providing a holistic summary of children's mental and physical health.

#### MEASURES Optimism Happiness Self-Esteem Absence of Sadness

General Health

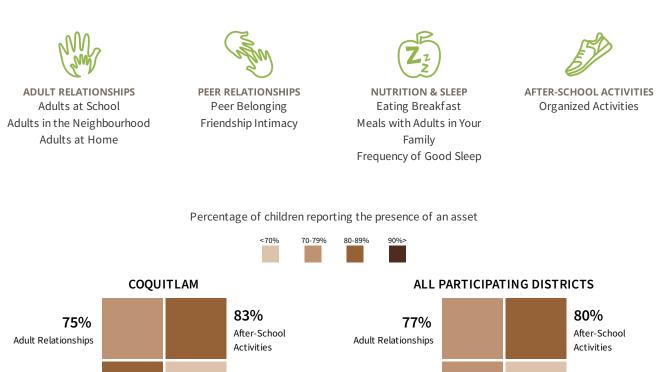




#### ASSETS INDEX

The Assets Index combines MDI measures that highlight four key assets that help to promote children's positive development and well-being. Assets are positive experiences, relationships or behaviours present in children's lives. Assets are considered actionable, meaning that schools and communities can focus their efforts in these areas to create the conditions and contexts where children can thrive.

Note: School Experiences are also considered to be an asset that contribute to children's well-being; however, this asset is not reported as part of the Assets Index to prevent the ranking of individual schools or sites. Please refer to the School Climate and Bullying and Victimization measures for data related to this asset.



78%

Peer Relationships

69%

Nutrition & Sleep

**81%** Peer Relationships

MDI 2021/22

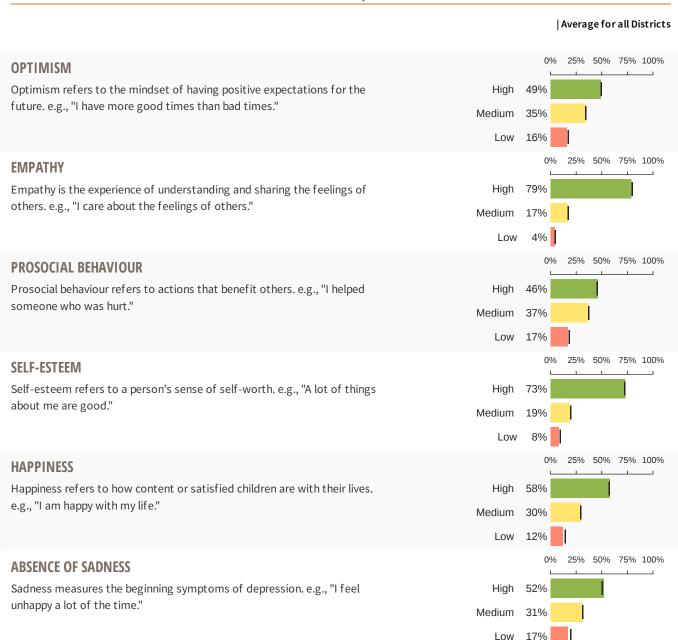
65%

Nutrition & Sleep



Social and emotional competence is integral to children's social and emotional development and includes the ability to understand and manage emotions, develop caring and empathy for others, establish positive relationships, make responsible decisions, and handle challenging situations effectively (Weissberg et al., 2015). Promoting children's social and emotional competence is critical for their successful development across the lifespan (Jones et al., 2015). For example, social and emotional competence is associated with greater motivation and success in school (Mahoney et al., 2020), as well as positive outcomes later in life, such as earning a college degree, finding stable employment, engaging in a healthy lifestyle, and psychological well-being (Domitrovich et al., 2017). Social and emotional competencies can be best promoted when children experience supportive environments across multiple contexts - at school with teachers and peers, in the home with elders, family, or caregivers, and in after-school programs with peers and community members.

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Social and Emotional Development are available in the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/social-emotional-development/)</u>.



#### **RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM**

#### **ABSENCE OF WORRIES**

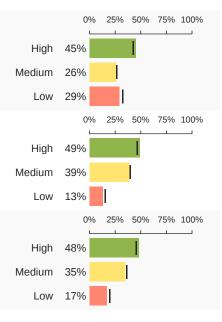
Worries measure the beginning symptoms of anxiety. e.g., "I worry a lot that other people might not like me."

#### SELF-REGULATION (LONG-TERM)

Long-term self-regulation requires adapting present behaviour to achieve a goal in the future. e.g., "If something isn't going according to my plans, I change my actions to try and reach my goal."

#### **SELF-REGULATION (SHORT-TERM)**

Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."



#### **RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS** SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

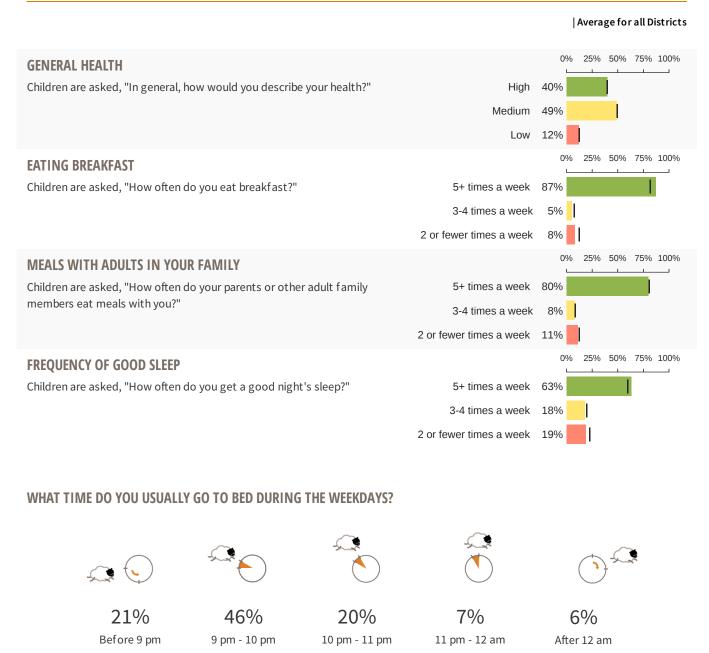
Social and emotional competencies include children's ability to recognize, understand, and effectively respond to emotions, manage stress and be optimistic. They also include showing concern for others, sustaining healthy relationships and making effective personal and social decisions (Weissberg, Durlak, Domitrovitch, & Gullota, 2015). Middle childhood is an important time for promoting self-regulation and problem-solving strategies to help children persevere in the face of obstacles and setbacks. Related skills and strategies learned during middle childhood tend to stick with children throughout the rest of their lives (Skinner et al., 2016). A Vancouver-based study asked Grade 10 children to volunteer 1-1.5 hours per week with elementary school children. After 10 weeks researchers found participants had significantly decreased their risk for cardiovascular disease. The greatest health benefits were seen in adolescents who displayed the highest self-report measures of empathy (Schreier, Schonert-Reichl, & Chen, 2013).



Promoting children's physical health and well-being in the middle years lays the foundation for a healthy lifestyle. Physical health outcomes are not uniquely controlled by genetics. They can also be influenced by external factors such as family relationships, connections with peers, and larger economic and social conditions (Hertzman, C., & Boyce. T., 2010). Children who feel healthy are more likely to be engaged in school, feel a connection to their teachers, perform better academically, and are less likely to be bullied or bully others (Forrest et al., 2013). Being physically active also promotes children's mental health (Moeijes et al., 2018). Children benefit from guidance and opportunities that support the development of healthy habits - such as regular physical activity, quality sleep and healthy meals - that they can carry forward into adolescence and adulthood.

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Physical Health and Well-being are available in the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/physical-health-well-being/)</u>.

#### **RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM**



#### HOW OFTEN DO YOU EAT FOOD LIKE POP, CANDY, POTATO CHIPS, OR SOMETHING ELSE?



#### HELP-SEEKING FOR EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING

#### WHO WOULD YOU TALK TO IF YOU WERE FEELING SAD, STRESSED, OR WORRIED?

Examples provided include a teacher, school counselor, parent, grandparent, older sibling or cousin, elder, after-school program staff, doctor, nurse etc. (Children can select all of the options that apply; therefore, percentages may not total 100%.)

A family member819An adult in my community119A health professional199My friend(s)589Don't know who to talk to109Prefer to handle it on my own239		
An adult in my community       119         A health professional       199         My friend(s)       589         Don't know who to talk to       109         Prefer to handle it on my own       239	An adult at school	37%
A health professional       199         My friend(s)       589         Don't know who to talk to       109         Prefer to handle it on my own       239	A family member	81%
My friend(s)     589       Don't know who to talk to     109       Prefer to handle it on my own     239	An adult in my community	11%
Don't know who to talk to109Prefer to handle it on my own239	A health professional	19%
Prefer to handle it on my own 239	My friend(s)	58%
	Don't know who to talk to	10%
Talk to someone else (someone not on this list)   89	Prefer to handle it on my own	23%
	Talk to someone else (someone not on this list)	8%

#### TRANSPORTATION TO AND FROM SCHOOL

Children are asked, "How do you usually get to school?"; "How do you usually get home from school?" and "If you could choose, how would you wish to get to and from school?"

	To School	From School	Wish
Car	61%	53%	32%
School bus	0%	1%	6%
Public transportation (public bus, train or ferry)	1%	2%	4%
Walk	35%	42%	31%
Cycle, skateboard, scooter or rollerblade	1%	1%	19%
Something else	1%	2%	9%



**RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS** PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING

Eating meals together as a family often is related to increased self-esteem and school success, and decreased chance of eating disorders, substance abuse, violent behaviour and symptoms of depression (Harrison et al., 2015).

Seeking help for emotional support from appropriate and effective resources, such as school adults, parents and family members, health professional, and counsellors, can help promote positive mental health and resilience, and serve as a protective factor for mental illness (Rickwood et al., 2005; Xu et al., 2018). Children ages 5 to 13 need 9–11 hours of uninterrupted sleep a night (Hirshkowitz et al., 2015). When children do not get enough sleep they are more likely to have troubles at school, be involved in family disagreements and display symptoms of depression (Smaldone, Honig, & Byrne, 2007). Because of changes in the brain that take place around the time of puberty, children are more strongly attracted to junk foods that contain high amounts of fat and sugar than adults (Reichelt, 2016).



Belonging is a fundamental need for everyone. Feeling a sense of connectedness to family, peers, school, and community is one of the most important assets for a child's well-being, health, and success in life (Masten, 2018; Thomson et al., 2018). Research shows that children with positive peer relationships feel better about themselves, experience greater mental health, are more prosocial, and perform better academically (Wentzel, 1998). A single caring adult, be it a family member, coach, teacher, an elder, or a neighbour, can positively influence a child's life and promote resilience (Werner, 2004). Children's life satisfaction is related to their sense of belonging with peers and their supportive relationships with adults even more so than family income or personal health (Gadermann et al., 2015; Oberle et al., 2014). This is true across cultures (Emerson et al., 2018). For children, connectedness to land, language, and culture also can play an important role in encouraging a strong and healthy sense of identity (First Nations Information Governance Centre, 2016).

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Connectedness is available in the Discover MDI Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/connectedness/).

#### **RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM**

| Average for all Districts

#### CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

#### **ADULTS AT SCHOOL**

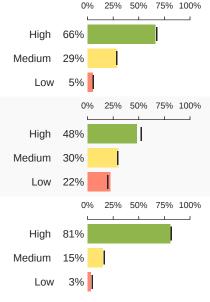
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."

#### ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

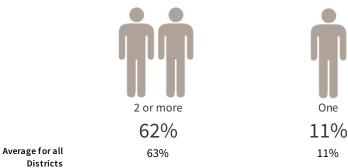
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

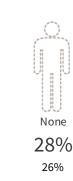
#### **ADULTS AT HOME**

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



#### NUMBER OF IMPORTANT ADULTS AT SCHOOL





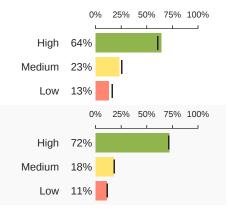
One

11%

#### CONNECTEDNESS WITH PEERS

#### **PEER BELONGING**

Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g., "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong."



#### **FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY** Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g., "I

have a friend I can tell everything to."



Children who do not feel part of a group or feel cast out by their own group are at risk of anxiety and depression. They are also at higher risk of low school attendance and future school drop-out (Veiga et al., 2014). Strong social connections in adolescence are a better predictor of well-being in adulthood than their academic achievement (Olsson, 2013).

For younger students during elementary and middle school years, a nurturing and caring relationship with a classroom teacher is vital. Connections with warm and accepting teachers enhance emotional well-being, increase motivation, engagement and success in school for children in early adolescence. They are also buffers for children who are experiencing mental health problems (Oberle, 2018).

Social competencies and friendship-building skills can buffer children against bullying, anxiety and depression (Guhn et al., 2013).



Children's involvement in activities outside of school hours exposes them to important social environments. After-school activities, such as art and music classes, sports leagues, and community groups provide distinct experiences that help children to build relationship and social and emotional skills (Vandell et al., 2020). Children who participate in structured extracurricular activities experience school success and are less likely to drop out of school (Thouin et al., 2020). Data from the MDI helps to fill a gap in the research on children's participation in activities during the "critical hours" (from 3 pm to 6 pm) when children are most often left unsupervised (Schonert-Reichl et al., 2013).

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for Use of After-School Time is available in the <u>Discover MDI</u> <u>Field Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/use-of-after-school-time/)</u>.

#### **RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM**

#### | Average for all Districts

#### AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During the last week after school (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in?":

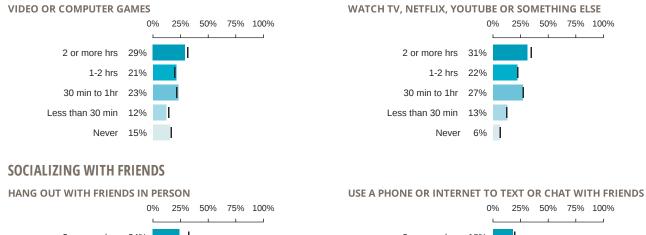
ANY ORGANIZED ACTIVITY		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children who participated in any after-school activity that was structured	Twice or more a week	73%
and supervised by an adult (e.g., educational lessons, youth organizations, music or art lessons and sports practice).	Once a week	10%
	Never	17%
EDUCATIONAL LESSONS OR ACTIVITIES		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
For example: Tutoring, attending a math school, foreign language lessons,	Twice or more a week	26%
or some other academic related activity.	Once a week	14%
	Never	60%
MUSIC OR ART LESSONS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
For example: Drawing or painting classes, musical instrument lessons or	Twice or more a week	18%
some other activity related to music or art.	Once a week	25%
	Never	57%
YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
For example: Scouts, Girl Guides, Boys and Girls Clubs, or some other group	Twice or more a week	8%
organization.	Once a week	7%
	Never	85%
INDIVIDUAL SPORTS (WITH A COACH OR INSTRUCTOR)		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
For example: Swimming, dance, gymnastics, ice skating, tennis or another	Twice or more a week	26%
individual sport.	Once a week	17%
	Never	57%
TEAM SPORTS (WITH A COACH OR INSTRUCTOR)		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
For example: Basketball, hockey, soccer, football, or another team sport.	Twice or more a week	35%
	Once a week	12%
	Never	53%

#### HOW CHILDREN SPEND THEIR TIME

Children were asked how they spend their time during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

Percentage of children who reported:

#### **COMPUTER USE & TV**





### 2 or more hrs 18% 1-2 hrs 18% 30 min to 1hr 23% Less than 30 min 17% Never 24%

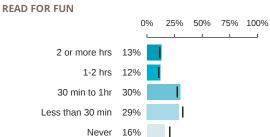
0%

5% 9%

22%

25% 50% 75% 100%

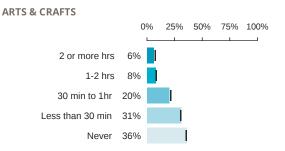
#### **READING & HOMEWORK**



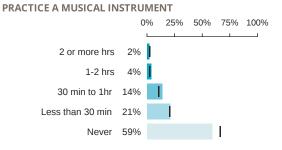
2 or more hrs 1-2 hrs 30 min to 1hr 33% Less than 30 min 31%

**DO HOMEWORK** 

#### **ARTS & MUSIC**

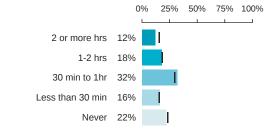


## Never



#### **SPORTS**

#### PLAY SPORTS OR EXERCISE FOR FUN



#### WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3 pm - 6 pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

78%

I wish I could do additional activities

28%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

6%

Children who answered that they wish to be doing additional activities were asked to identify one activity they wish they could do and where they would like to do it. Note: responses are grouped into categories for reporting purposes.

#### **WISHES**

WISHES	(Number of Children)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	500
Music and fine arts	170
Friends and playing	124
Computer/Video Games/TV	48
Other	33
Learning new things	26
Time with family at home	18
Free time/relaxing	4

#### WHERE WOULD YOU LIKE THIS ACTIVITY TO RE2

ACTIVITY TO BE?	Children)
Other	196
Home	142
Community Centre	119
School	101
Park or Playground	83

#### PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3 pm - 6 pm):

	(Number of Children)
I have no barriers	840
I have to go straight home after school	423
I am too busy	303
Other	267
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	264
I don't know what's available	196
None of my friends are interested or want to go	157
My parents do not approve	153
The activity that I want is not offered	145
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	141
I have too much homework to do	124
It costs too much	122
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	109
It is too difficult to get there	91
It is not safe for me to go	79

(Number of

#### AFTER-SCHOOL PEOPLE AND PLACES

#### WHERE DO YOU GO AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3 PM - 6 PM)

	Never	1x /week	2x +/week
Home	2%	2%	95%
Stay at school for an activity	76%	8%	16%
After-school program or child care	75%	6%	19%
Friend's house	51%	31%	18%
Park/playground/community centre	45%	26%	29%
The mall or stores	63%	25%	12%
Someplace else	50%	27%	23%

#### WHO ARE YOU WITH AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3 PM - 6 PM)

(Children can select all of the options that apply)

By myself	31%
Friends about my age	41%
Younger brothers/sisters	35%
Older brothers/sisters	33%
Mother (or stepmother/foster mother)	72%
Father (or stepfather/foster father)	58%
Other adult (for example, elder, aunt or uncle, coach, babysitter)	8%
Grandparent(s)	12%
Other	11%

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS: IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

79%	5%	16%	65%	5%	29%
Yes	No	Don't know	Yes	No	Don't know



#### **RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS** USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

Participation in after-school programs can result in greater connectedness to school and success in school as well as decreased negative behaviours (Durlak et al., 2010).

Quiet reflection time and daydreaming is just as essential to brain health and development as active and focused activities (Immordino-Yang, 2012). Children who demonstrate a lack of self-control and problem solving skills may experience the greatest benefit from activities such as music, arts and sports that help to develop these skills (Diamond, 2014).

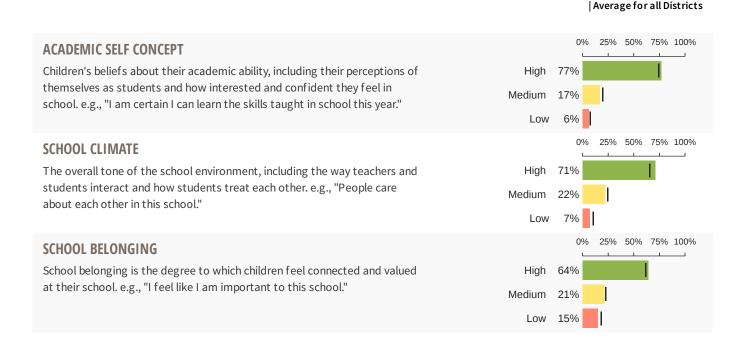
A study examining the experiences of children in Grades 1–5 who participated in after-school programs found that children who participated in high-quality, structured after-school programs had increased socialemotional skills, in addition to fewer conduct problems and higher social self-control and assertion (Wade, 2015). Challenging and enjoyable after-school activities can improve youth's ability to reason and problem solve, exercise choice and discipline and be creative and flexible, which are strong predictors of academic, career, and life success (Diamond, 2014).



Children's sense of safety and belonging at school has been shown to foster their school success in many ways. When children have positive experiences at school, they are more likely to feel they belong within their school, feel more motivated and engaged, and have higher academic achievement (Wang & Degol, 2016). Children who feel a sense of connection and belonging to school are also less likely to engage in high-risk behaviours (Eccles & Roeser, 2011). Understanding children's school experiences improves the ability to both create and cultivate school environments that are safe, caring, and supportive.

Detailed information on the MDI survey questions and response scales for School Experiences are available in the <u>Discover MDI Field</u> <u>Guide (https://www.discovermdi.ca/school-experiences/)</u>.

#### RESULTS FOR COQUITLAM



Percentage of children who feel it is very important to:



Percentage of children who agree a little or agree a lot that:

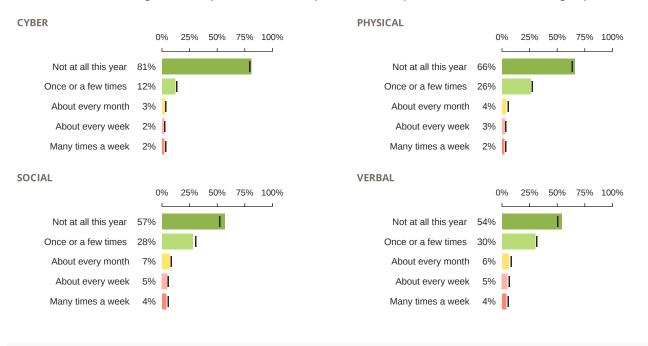
When I grow up, I have goals and plans for the future.

80%



#### VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":



#### **RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS** SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Children's perception of kindness within a school is a consistent indicator of a positive school climate. Students who see kind behaviours in students, teachers and staff also describe their school environments as being safe and encouraging places to learn. As children transition from Grade 4 to Grade 8, perceptions of kindness in schools decrease (Binfet, Gadermann & Schonert-Reichl, 2016). Feelings of belonging are associated with lower emotional distress, the reduction of negative behaviours (such as bullying and mental health issues) and are associated to rates of higher resilience later in life (van Harmelen et al., 2016). Children and youth who demonstrate empathy are less likely to bully others and are more likely to defend against bullying. Research shows that specific empathy skills differ between those who bully, are victimized, defend or are bystanders. Focusing on developing children's understanding of what others feel results both in less bullying and more defending behaviours (van Noorden et al, 2015).

## **NEIGHBOURHOOD RESULTS**



Neighbourhoods have unique characteristics that provide important context for interpreting MDI results. Understanding neighbourhood-level differences within a school district or community is essential when considering actions to support children's well-being. The neighbourhood results section includes:

#### **Neighbourhood Maps**

- Well-Being Index Map: representing the percentage of children who are "thriving."
- Assets Index Maps: representing the percentage of children reporting the presence of each of the four assets of the Assets Index: Adult Relationships, Peer Relationships, Nutrition and Sleep, and After-School Activities.

**Neighbourhood Data Table** – A summary table of the Well-Being Index and Assets Index data.

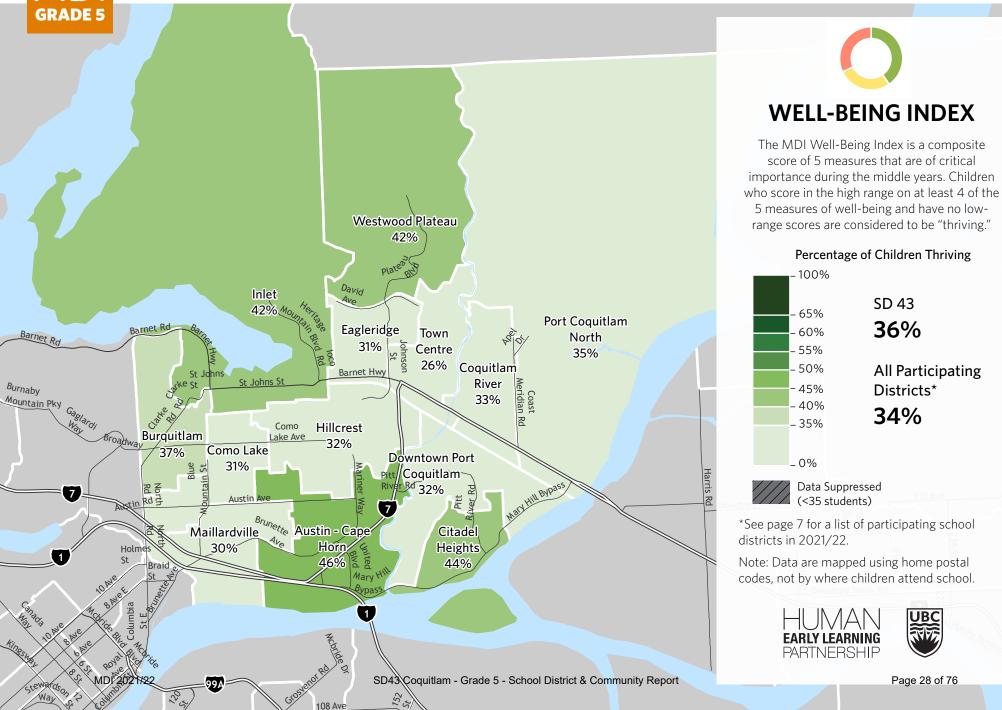
**Neighbourhood Profiles** – A summary of MDI data based on the neighbourhoods in which children live, including children from all participating public schools. Results are provided for the Well-Being Index, the Assets Index and a selection of questions related to after-school time and community belonging and safety.

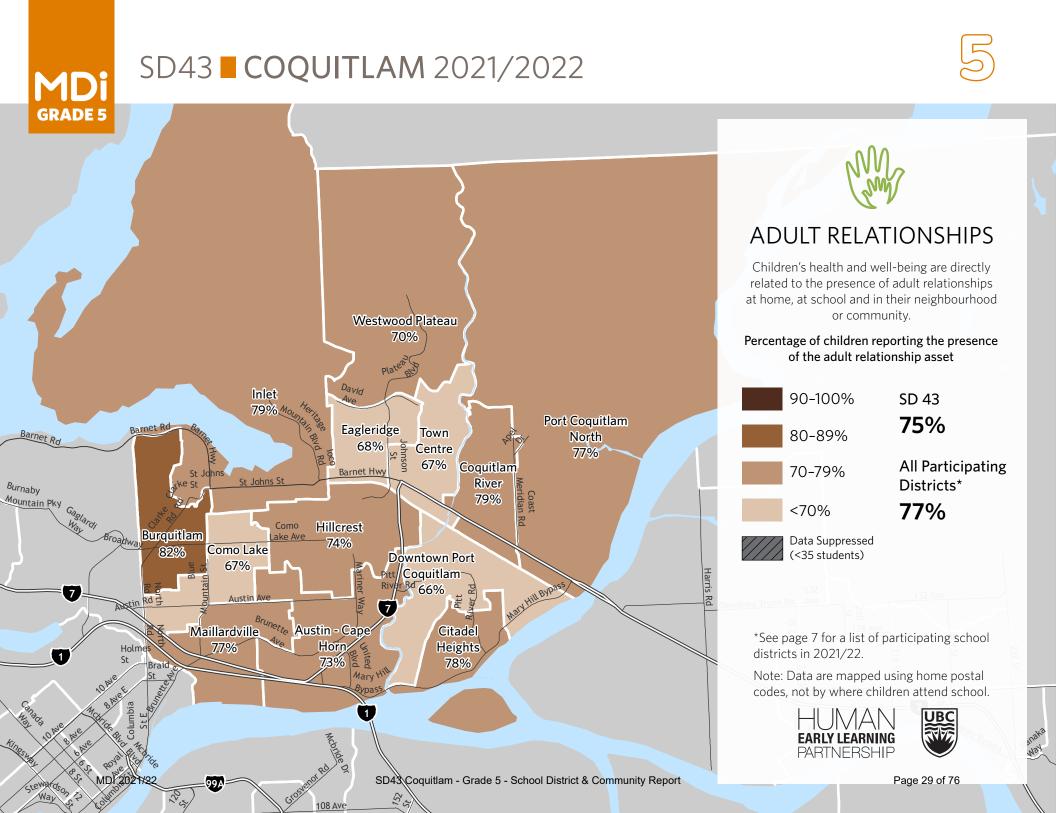
Please note that neighbourhood data are reported based on children's home postal codes and include all children who live within the school district boundaries. Where neighbourhoods contain fewer than 35 children, the results are suppressed.

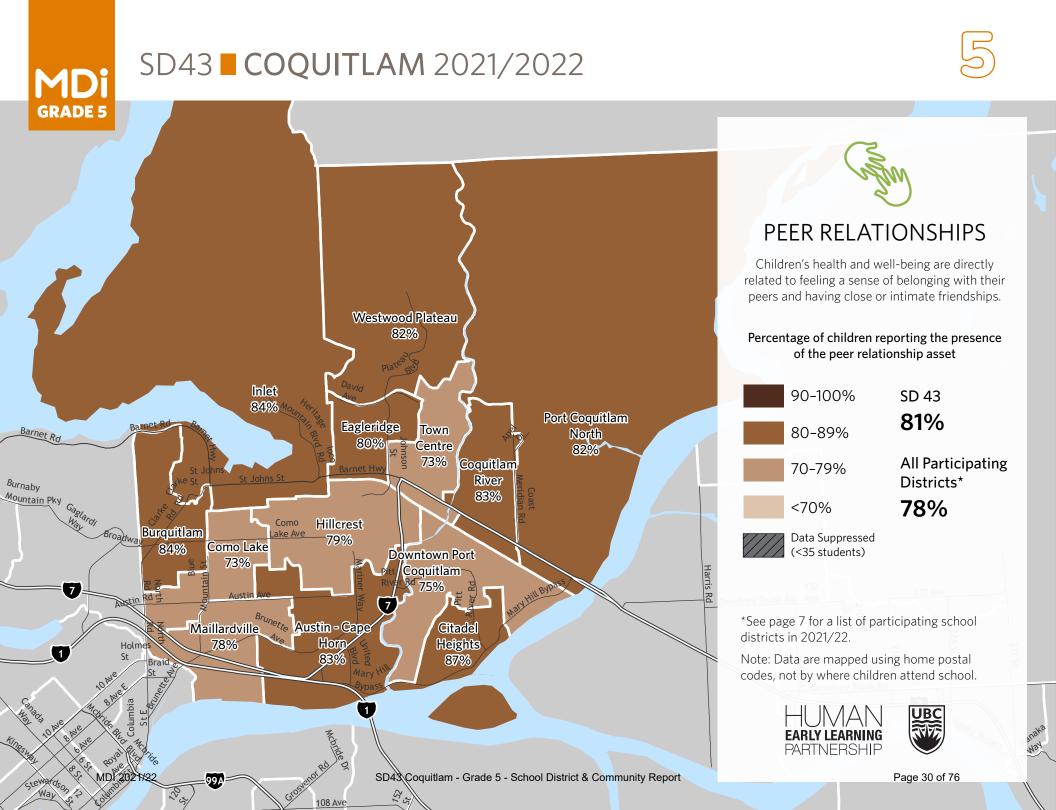


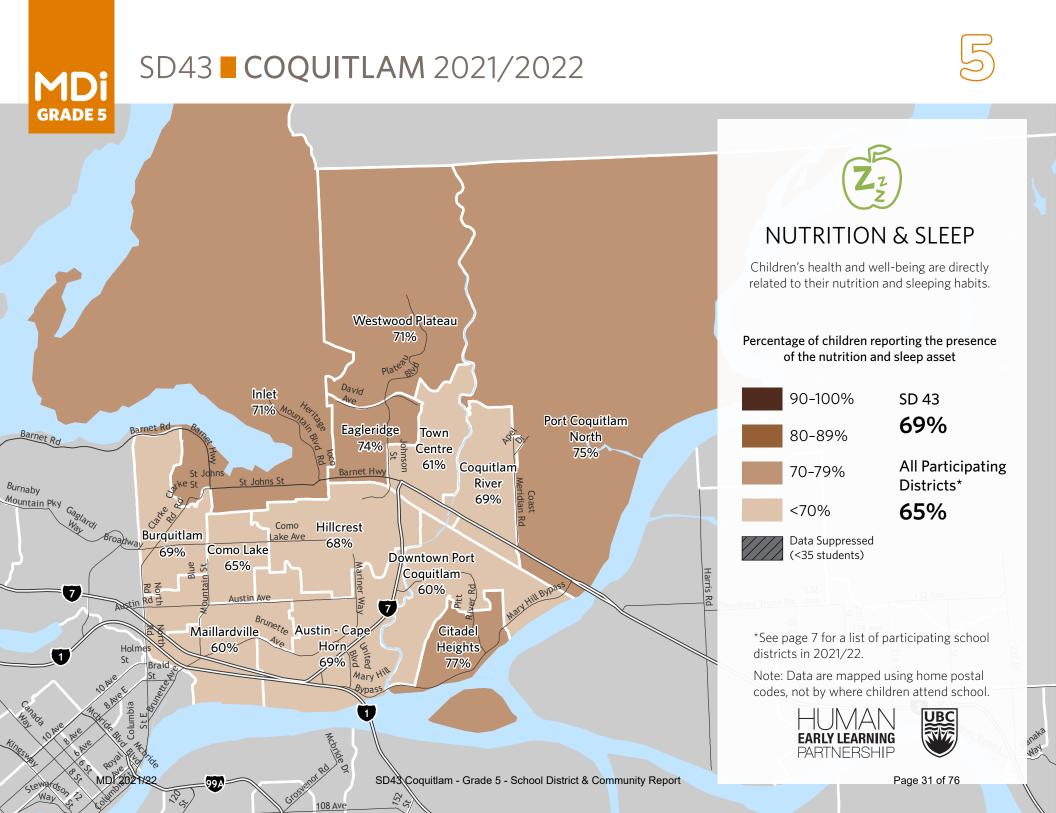
## SD43 COQUITLAM 2021/2022

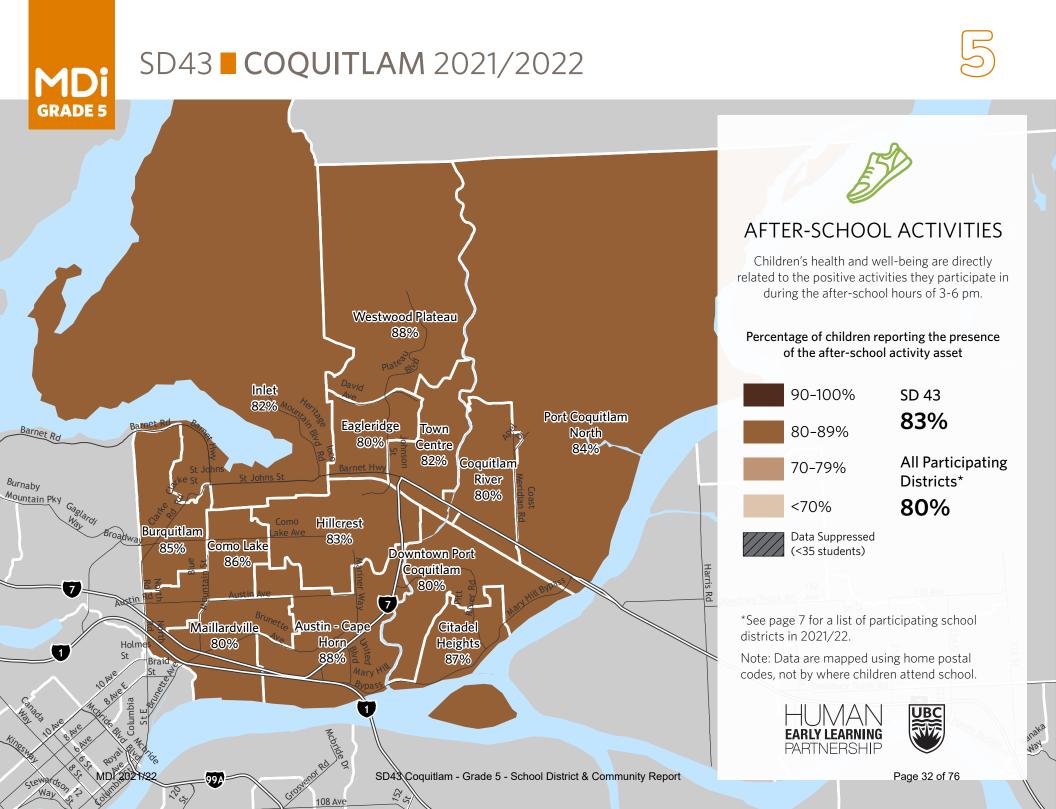
anaka Nav













		W	WELL-BEING INDEX			ASSETS INDEX			
		Percent	age of children exp	eriencing:	Percentage of children reporting the presence of these assets in their lives:				
			<u>j</u>	<u>.</u>	NM Samp	MAN		5D	
	Number of		Medium to High		Adult	Peer	Nutrition &	After-school	
Neighbourhood	Children	Thriving	Well-being	Low Well-being	Relationship	Relationship	Sleep	Activities	
Austin - Cape Horn	121	46%	24%	30%	73%	83%	69%	88%	
Burquitlam	108	37%	35%	28%	82%	84%	69%	85%	
Citadel Heights	95	44%	22%	34%	78%	87%	77%	87%	
Como Lake	72	31%	34%	34%	67%	73%	65%	86%	
Coquitlam River	134	33%	34%	34%	79%	83%	69%	80%	
Downtown Port Coquitlam	89	32%	24%	44%	66%	75%	60%	80%	
Eagleridge	112	31%	37%	33%	68%	80%	74%	80%	
Hillcrest	122	32%	31%	37%	74%	79%	68%	83%	
Inlet	313	42%	26%	32%	79%	84%	71%	82%	
Maillardville	99	30%	23%	47%	77%	78%	60%	80%	
Port Coquitlam North	281	35%	30%	34%	77%	82%	75%	84%	
Town Centre	151	26%	26%	49%	67%	73%	61%	82%	
Westwood Plateau	127	42%	27%	31%	70%	82%	71%	88%	
Coquitlam (43)	1862	36%	29%	35%	75%	81%	69%	83%	
All Participating Districts	9194	34%	28%	38%	77%	78%	65%	80%	

**Note:** Neighbourhood data are reported based on children's home postal codes and include all children who live within the school district boundaries. Therefore, the number of children in all neighbourhoods may not equal the total school district count. MDI results are suppressed where there are fewer than 35 children.

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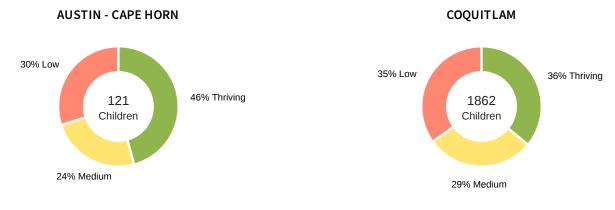
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NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022 AUSTIN - CAPE HORN COQUITLAM

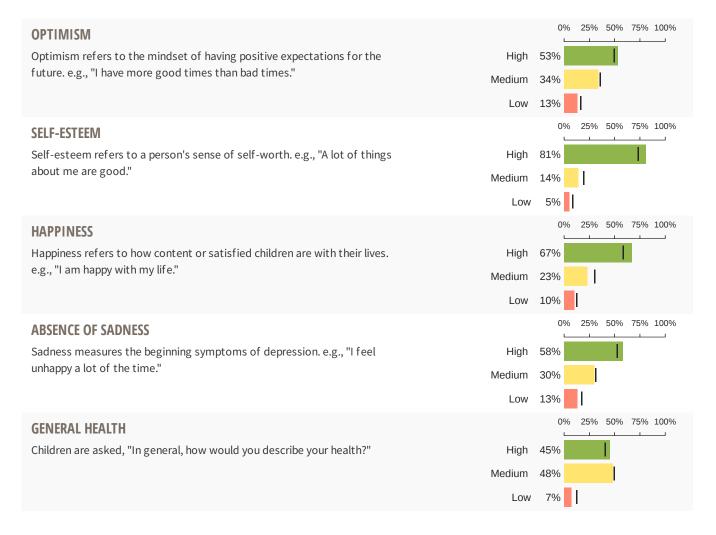
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 121

## WELL-BEING INDEX



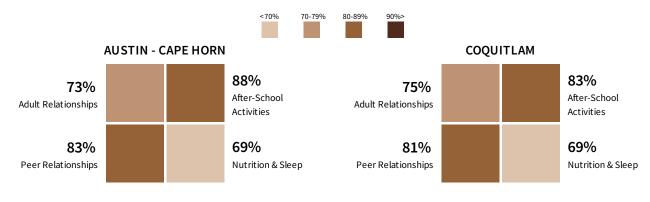
MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

|School District Average



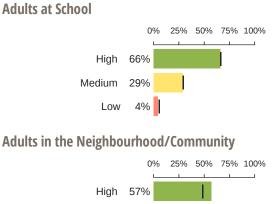
## ASSETS INDEX

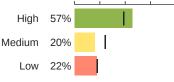
Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



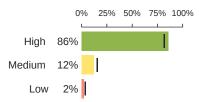
#### MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

#### ADULT RELATIONSHIPS



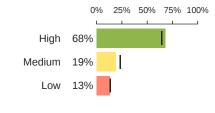


#### **Adults at Home**

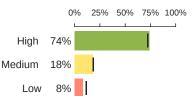


#### PEER RELATIONSHIPS

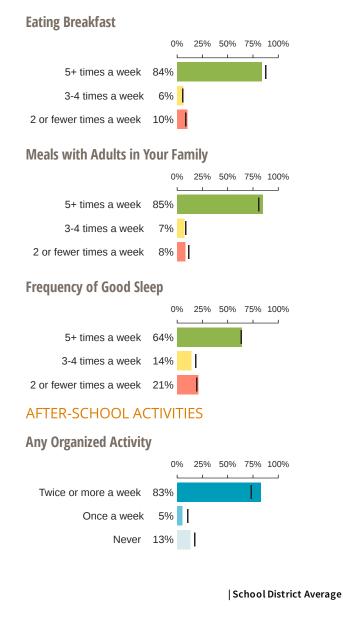
#### **Peer Belonging**



#### **Friendship Intimacy**



#### NUTRITION AND SLEEP



## USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

#### WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

77%

I wish I could do additional activities

31%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

7%

#### AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	53%	18%	29%
Art or music lessons	55%	20%	25%
Youthorganizations	77%	10%	12%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	50%	21%	29%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	45%	12%	43%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

66%	3%	31%
Yes	No	Don't know

## COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

## IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



33% Really care about me.



37% 35% Believe that I will Listen to me when be a success. I have something

to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

78%	5%	17%
Yes	No	Don't know

#### TOP WISHES

Physical and/or outdoor activities	30
Music and fine arts	14
Friends and playing	8

(Number of students)

(Number of students)

#### **TOP BARRIERS**

	(
Other	21
I am too busy	20
I have to go straight home after school	19

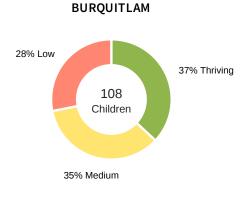


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022

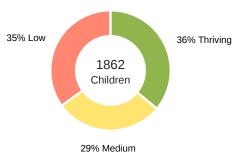
BURQUITLAM COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 108

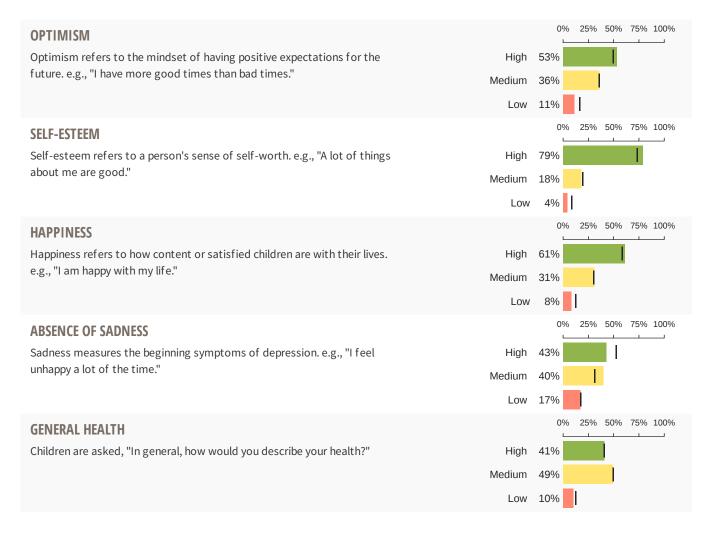
# WELL-BEING INDEX



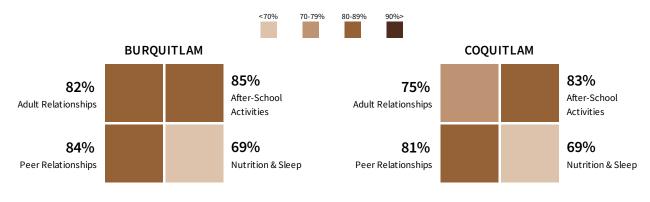
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX



Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



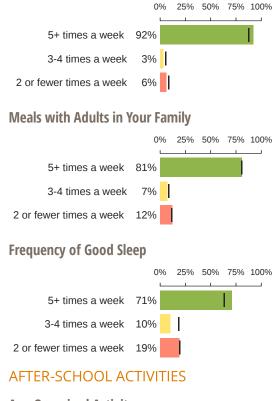
# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

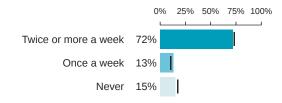
### 

# Eating Breakfast

NUTRITION AND SLEEP

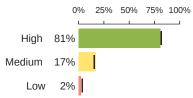


# Any Organized Activity



| School District Average



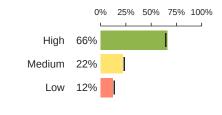


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

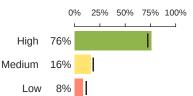
Low

16%

### **Peer Belonging**



**Friendship Intimacy** 



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

76%

I wish I could do additional activities

28%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

4%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	12%	32%
Art or music lessons	56%	25%	19%
Youthorganizations	88%	3%	9%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	57%	16%	27%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	54%	17%	29%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

71%	7%	21%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



32% Really care about me.



28%

Believe that I will

be a success.

33% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

86%	5%	9%
Yes	No	Don't know

### TOP WISHES

(Number of students)
44
6
2

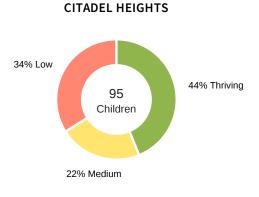
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	37
I am too busy	16
Other	16



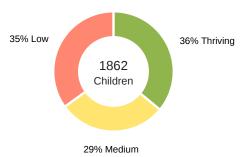
CITADEL HEIGHTS

COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 95

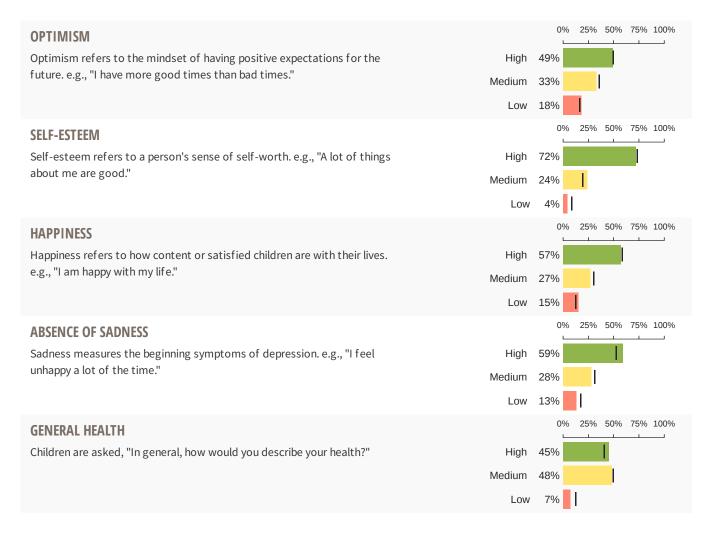
# WELL-BEING INDEX



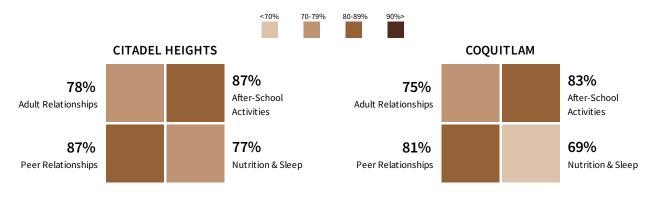
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

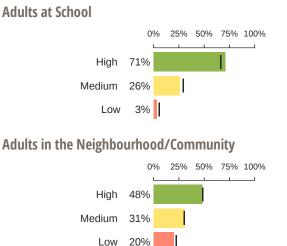


Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS



0%

89%

11%

0%

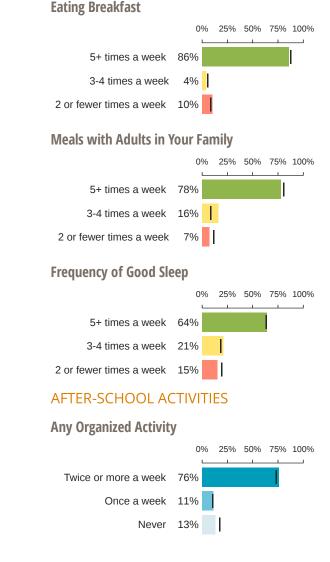
High

Low

Medium

25% 50% 75% 100%

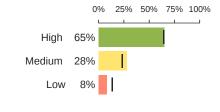
# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



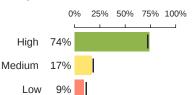
# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

### **Peer Belonging**

Adults at Home



### **Friendship Intimacy**



### School District Average

MDI 2021/22

# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

83%

I wish I could do additional activities

19%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

2%

# **AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES**

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	71%	8%	21%
Art or music lessons	64%	25%	12%
Youthorganizations	80%	18%	1%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	48%	31%	21%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	49%	12%	39%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	20
Friends and playing	6
Music and fine arts	4
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	17
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	12
None of my friends are interested or want to go	12



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

64%	5%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know

# **COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY**

### IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE **ADULTS WHO:**

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



23% Really care about me.



19%

be a success.

27% Believe that I will Listen to me when

I have something

to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING **OUT WITH FRIENDS:** 

80%	2%	18%
Yes	No	Don't know

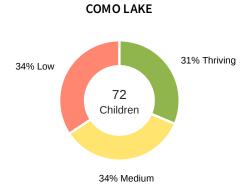
**TOP WISHES** 

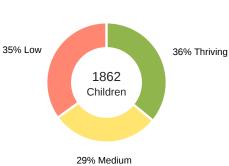


**NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022** 

COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 72

# WELL-BEING INDEX



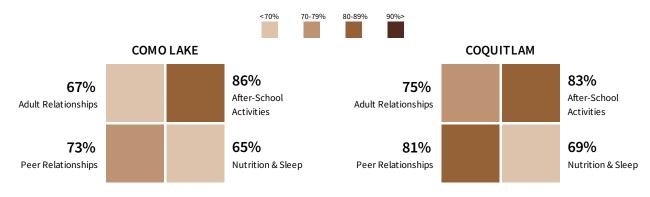


COQUITLAM

MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the	High	47%
future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	Medium	37%
	Low	16%
SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things	High	71%
about me are good."	Medium	23%
	Low	6%
HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives.	High	60%
e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	29%
	Low	10%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel	High	49%
unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	30%
	Low	21%
GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	33%
	Medium	56%
	Low	11%

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

### **ADULT RELATIONSHIPS** NUTRITION AND SLEEP **Adults at School Eating Breakfast** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 58% 5+ times a week 83% Medium 33% 3-4 times a week 7% 9% 2 or fewer times a week 10% Low Adults in the Neighbourhood/Community Meals with Adults in Your Family 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 48% 5+ times a week 81% Medium 23% 3-4 times a week 3% Low 29% 2 or fewer times a week 16% Adults at Home **Frequency of Good Sleep** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 78% High 5+ times a week 54% Medium 19% 3-4 times a week 24% Low 3% 2 or fewer times a week 22% PEER RELATIONSHIPS AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES **Peer Belonging Any Organized Activity** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% Twice or more a week 77% High 70% Medium 15% Once a week 9% Low 15% Never 14% **Friendship Intimacy** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 66% High

### MDI 2021/22

Medium

Low

16%

18%  |School District Average

\_ \_

# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

85%

I wish I could do additional activities

23%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

8%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	12%	31%
Art or music lessons	46%	29%	25%
Youthorganizations	85%	6%	9%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	53%	26%	21%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	48%	15%	36%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	12
Other	4
Friends and playing	2
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	15
I am too busy	12
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	8



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

65%	4%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



27% Really care about me.



22% 25% Believe that I will Listen to me when be a success. I have something



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

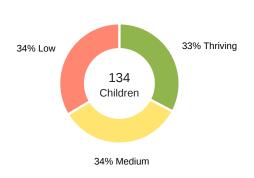
70%	6%	25%
Yes	No	Don't know

to say.



COQUITLAM RIVER

WELL-BEING INDEX

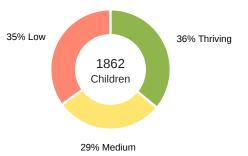


**COQUITLAM RIVER** 

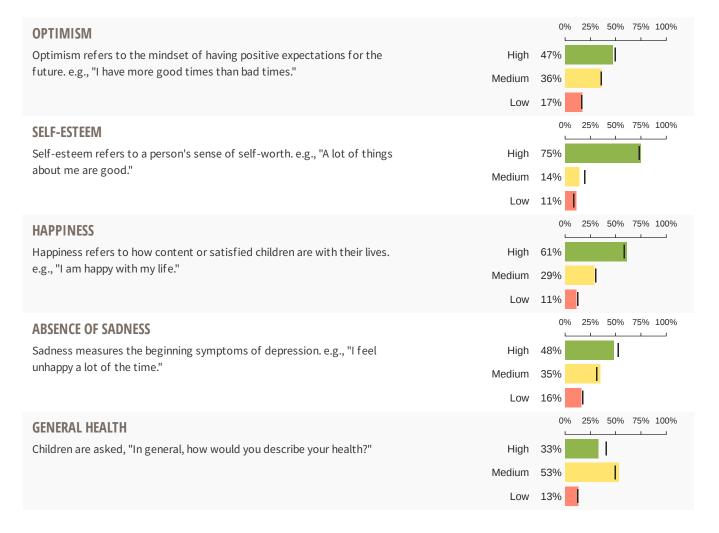
COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 134

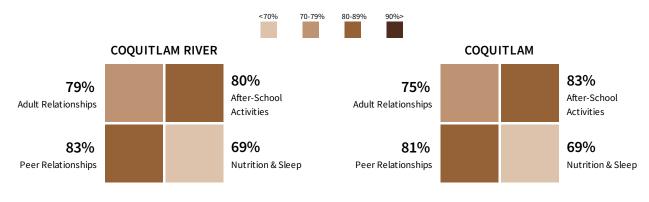
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX



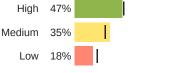
Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



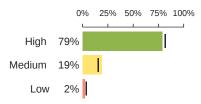
# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

# Adults at School

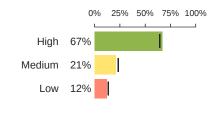


### **Adults at Home**

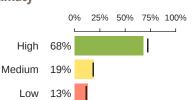


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

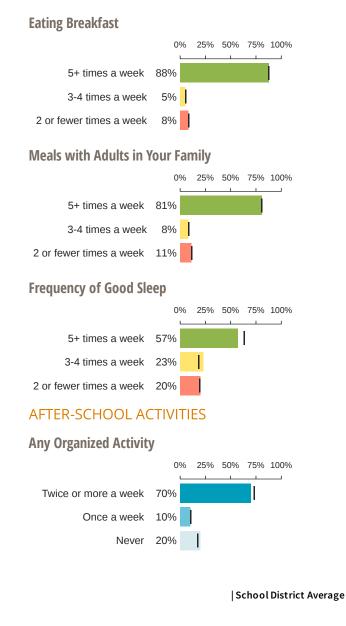
### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

69%

I wish I could do additional activities

36%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

4%

# **AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES**

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	63%	9%	28%
Art or music lessons	67%	16%	17%
Youthorganizations	82%	8%	10%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	58%	12%	30%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	53%	8%	39%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

63%	4%	33%
Yes	No	Don't know

# **COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY**

### IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE **ADULTS WHO:**

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



27% Really care about me.



26% Believe that I will be a success.



25% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING **OUT WITH FRIENDS:** 

78%	2%	20%
Yes	No	Don't know

# **TOP WISHES**

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	58
Music and fine arts	12
Friends and playing	10

TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	26
I am too busy	24
Other	20

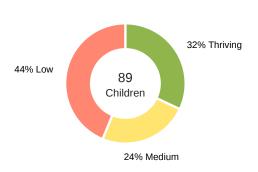


# NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022 DOWNTOWN PORT COQUITLAM

COQUITLAM

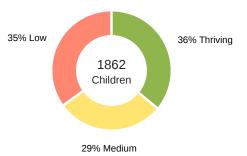
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 89

# WELL-BEING INDEX



DOWNTOWN PORT COQUITLAM

COQUITLAM



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the	High	41%
future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	Medium	42%
	Low	17%
SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things	High	70%
about me are good."	Medium	22%
	Low	8%
HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives.	High	58%
e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	27%
	Low	15%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel	High	47%
unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	30%
	Low	23%
GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	31%
	Medium	53%
	Low	16%

Adult Relationships

Peer Relationships

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset <70% 70-79% 80-89% 90%> DOWNTOWN PORT COQUITLAM COQUITLAM 80% 83% 66% 75%

### After-School Adult Relationships Activities 60%

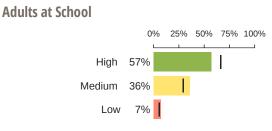
Nutrition & Sleep

# After-School Activities 69% Nutrition & Sleep

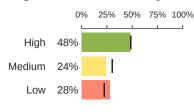
# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# **ADULT RELATIONSHIPS**

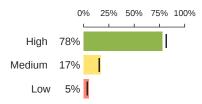
75%



# Adults in the Neighbourhood/Community

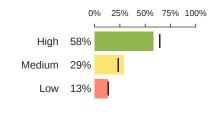


# Adults at Home

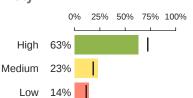


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

### **Peer Belonging**



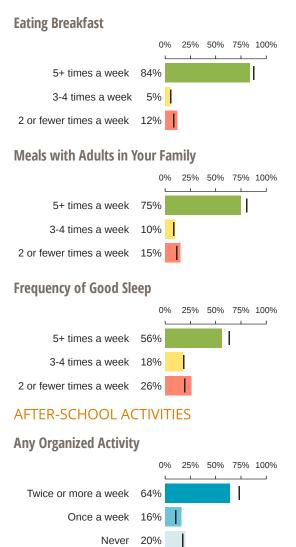
### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP

81%

Peer Relationships



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

72%

I wish I could do additional activities

33%

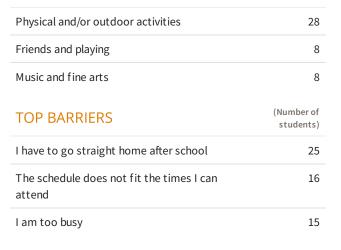
I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	55%	18%	27%
Art or music lessons	48%	34%	19%
Youthorganizations	88%	6%	6%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	54%	23%	24%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	60%	13%	27%



(Number of students)

TOP WISHES



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

60%	10%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



27% Really care about me.



be a success.

21% 23% Believe that I will Listen to me when

I have something

to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

70%	5%	25%
Yes	No	Don't know

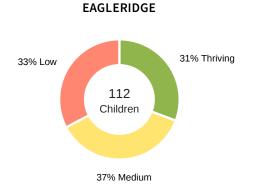
MDI 2021/22



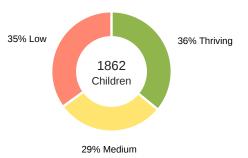
**NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022** 

EAGLERIDGE COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 112

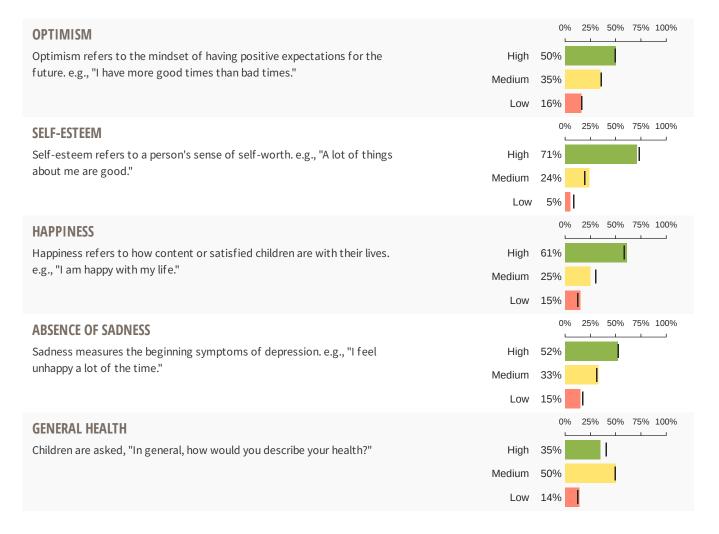
# WELL-BEING INDEX



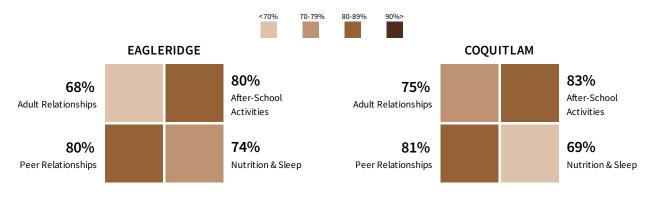
COQUITLAM



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

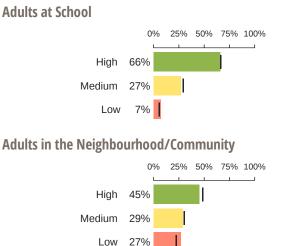


Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset

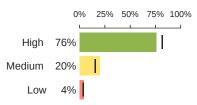


# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# **ADULT RELATIONSHIPS**

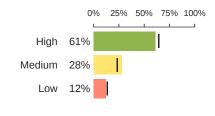




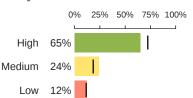


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

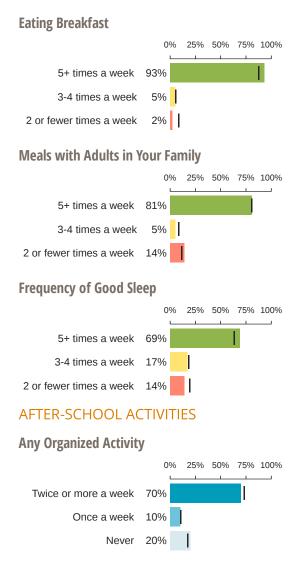
### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

81%

I wish I could do additional activities

24%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

5%

# **AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES**

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	63%	14%	23%
Art or music lessons	62%	25%	13%
Youthorganizations	91%	4%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	55%	20%	24%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	52%	14%	34%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

64%	6%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know

# **COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY**

### IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE **ADULTS WHO:**

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



29% Really care about me.



27%

32% Believe that I will Listen to me when be a success. I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING **OUT WITH FRIENDS:** 

77%	4%	19%
Yes	No	Don't know

# **TOP WISHES**

	(Mulliber of Students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	22
Friends and playing	10
Music and fine arts	6

(Number of students)

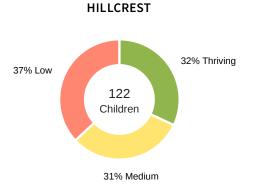
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	20
I am too busy	18
Other	17

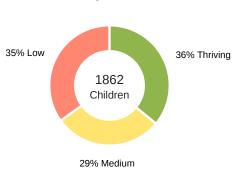


# **NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022**

HILLCREST COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 122

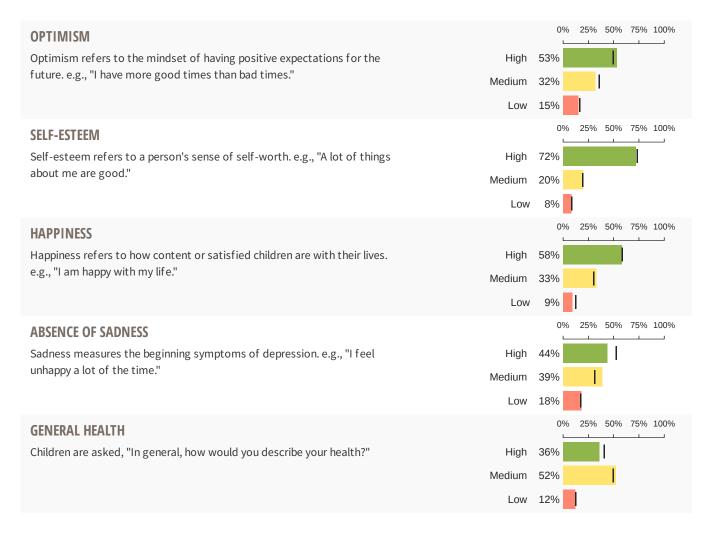
# WELL-BEING INDEX



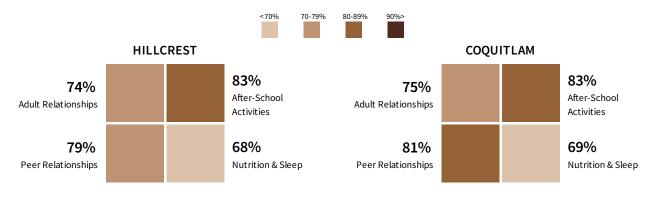


COQUITLAM

# MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX



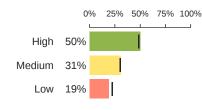
Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



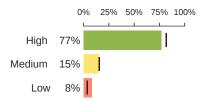
# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

# Adults at School

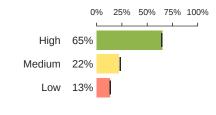


### **Adults at Home**

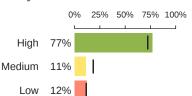


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

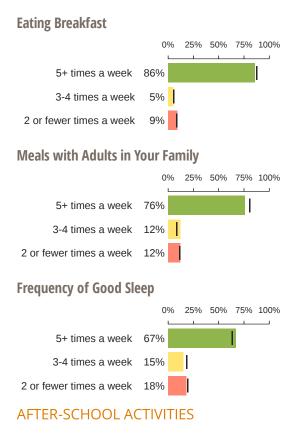
### **Peer Belonging**



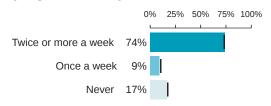
### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



### Any Organized Activity



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

80%

I wish I could do additional activities

26%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

6%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	15%	28%
Art or music lessons	57%	20%	22%
Youthorganizations	85%	7%	7%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	59%	14%	27%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	51%	14%	35%

IOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	24
Friends and playing	12
Music and fine arts	8
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	34
I am too busy	17
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	17



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

59%	7%	34%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



27% Really care about me.



be a success.

28% 27% Believe that I will Listen to me when

I have something

to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

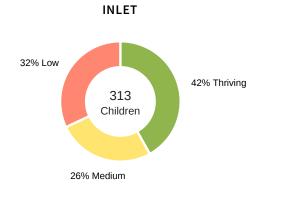
76%	8%	16%
Yes	No	Don't know



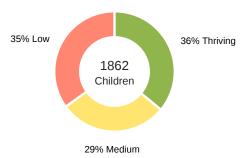
# **NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022**

COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 313

# WELL-BEING INDEX



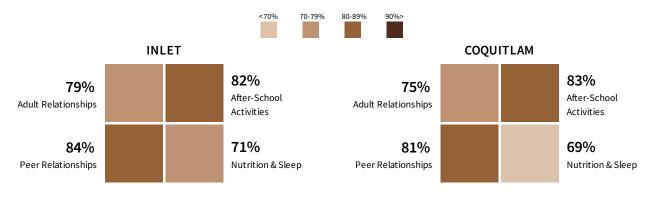
COQUITLAM



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

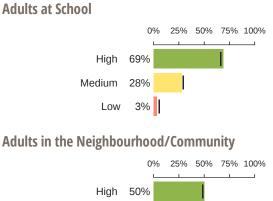
OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the	High	50%
future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	Medium	37%
	Low	13%
SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things	High	76%
about me are good."	Medium	16%
	Low	8%
HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives.	High	60%
e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	29%
	Low	10%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel	High	59%
unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	26%
	Low	15%
GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	42%
	Medium	48%
	Low	10%

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



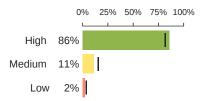
# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS



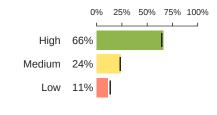


### **Adults at Home**

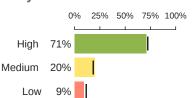


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

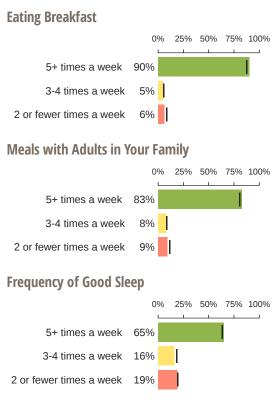
### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**

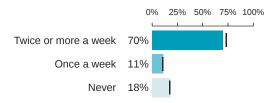


# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

### Any Organized Activity



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

76%

I wish I could do additional activities

31%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

7%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	67%	14%	19%
Art or music lessons	62%	24%	14%
Youthorganizations	83%	8%	9%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	61%	15%	23%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	52%	13%	35%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	88
Music and fine arts	42
Computer/Video Games/TV	18
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I am too busy	55
I have to go straight home after school	51
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	49



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

72%	2%	26%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



29% Really care about me.



26%

Believe that I will

be a success.

31% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

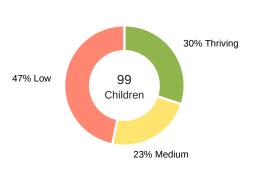
85%	3%	12%
Yes	No	Don't know



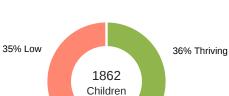
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022

MAILLARDVILLE COQUITLAM NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 99

# WELL-BEING INDEX



MAILLARDVILLE



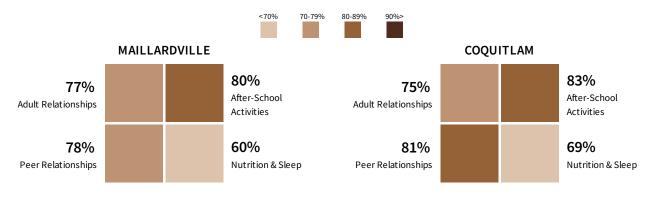
COQUITLAM

29% Medium

# MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the	High	46%
future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	Medium	36%
	Low	18%
SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things	High	73%
about me are good."	Medium	17%
	Low	10%
HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives.	High	59%
e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	31%
	Low	11%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel	High	49%
unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	25%
	Low	26%
GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	35%
	Medium	45%
	Low	19%

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset



# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

### **ADULT RELATIONSHIPS** NUTRITION AND SLEEP **Adults at School Eating Breakfast** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 61% 5+ times a week 78% Medium 32% 3-4 times a week 10% 6% 2 or fewer times a week 11% Low Adults in the Neighbourhood/Community Meals with Adults in Your Family 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 53% 5+ times a week 76% Medium 27% 3-4 times a week 4% 2 or fewer times a week 20% Low 19% Adults at Home **Frequency of Good Sleep** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 70% 5+ times a week 59% Medium 22% 3-4 times a week 18% Low 8% 2 or fewer times a week 23% PEER RELATIONSHIPS AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES **Peer Belonging Any Organized Activity** 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 0% High 59% Twice or more a week 68% Medium 22% Once a week 12% Low 19% Never 20% **Friendship Intimacy** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% 75% High

Medium

Low

15% 9% |School District Average

\_\_\_\_

# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

79%

I wish I could do additional activities

27%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

6%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	54%	12%	34%
Art or music lessons	49%	27%	24%
Youthorganizations	81%	9%	10%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	60%	14%	25%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	63%	13%	24%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

55%	8%	37%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



32% Really care about me.



26%

Believe that I will

be a success.

23% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

72%	9%	18%
Yes	No	Don't know

# TOP WISHES

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	26
Music and fine arts	8
Friends and playing	6

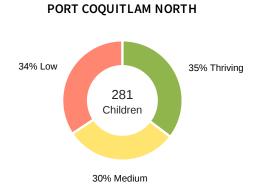
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	29
I don't know what's available	15
Other	15



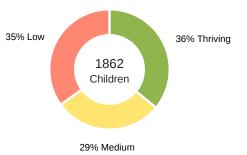
# NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022 PORT COQUITLAM NORTH

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 281

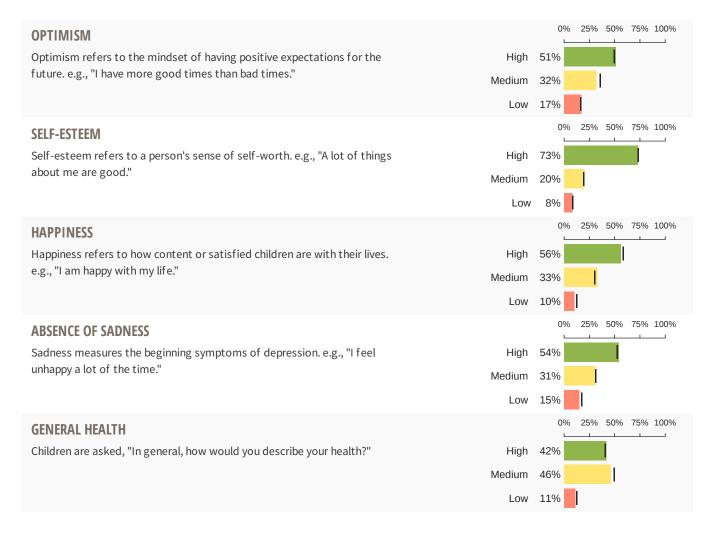
# WELL-BEING INDEX



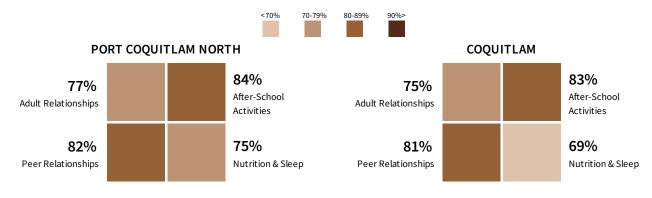
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

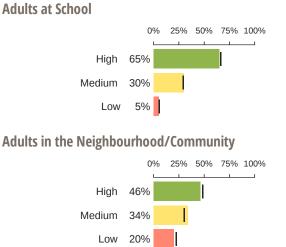


Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset

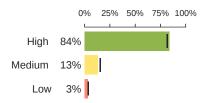


# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

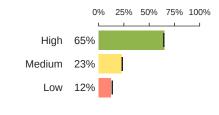


### Adults at Home

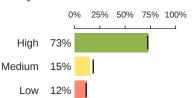


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

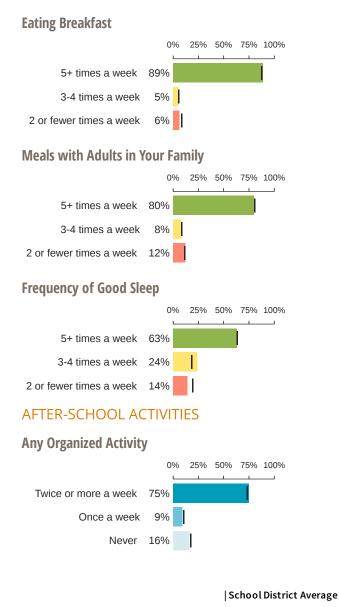
### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

79%

I wish I could do additional activities

25%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

4%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	61%	16%	22%
Art or music lessons	58%	27%	15%
Youthorganizations	84%	7%	9%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	61%	12%	26%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	50%	10%	41%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	68
Music and fine arts	24
Friends and playing	18
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	65
I am too busy	42
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	42



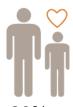
IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

64%	6%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



30% Really care about me.



25%

Believe that I will

be a success.

28% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

82%	6%	13%
Yes	No	Don't know

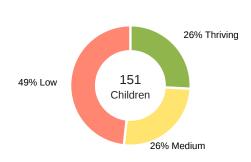


NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022

TOWN CENTRE

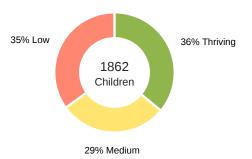
NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 151

# WELL-BEING INDEX



TOWN CENTRE

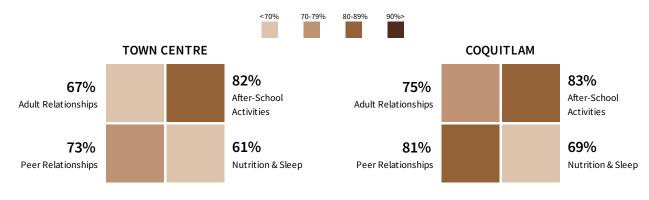
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

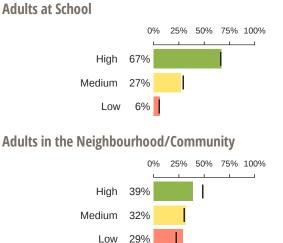
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."High40%IMedium39%IIISELF-ESTEEM0%25%50%75%100%Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."14%64%IHigh64%01IMedium22%0IIBelf-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."14%IHappiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."0%25%50%75%10%ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."0%25%50%75%10%Medium31%00000000CENERAL HEALTH Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"0%25%50%75%10%Medium33%00000000Medium33%0000000Medium33%0000000Medium31%0000000Medium33%0000000Medium33%0000 <th>OPTIMISM</th> <th></th> <th>0% 25% 50% 75% 100%</th>	OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
SELF-ESTEEM Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good." HAPPINESS Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life." ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." GENERAL HEALTH Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?" Medium 476	•••	High	40%
SELF-ESTEEM   Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth.e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."   High 64%   High 64%   Medium 22%   Low 14%   Medium 32%   Medium 33%   Junct 21%   Medium 33%   Medium 33%   Junct 21%   Medium 33%   Medium 33%   Junct 21%   Medium 33%   Junct 21%   Medium 33%   Junct 21%   Medium 31%   Junct 25%   Medium 31%   Junct 25%   Medium 31%   Junct 25%   Junct 25%   Medium 31%   Junct 25%   Medium 31%   Junct 25%   Junct 10%   Junct	future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	Medium	39%
SELF-ESTEEM Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good." High 64% High 22% Low 14% Low 14% High 46%		Low	20%
about me are good." Medium 22% Low 14% HAPPINESS Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life." ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." ABSENCE OF the time." ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." ABSENCE OF High 34% Medium 31% Cow 25% 50% 75% 100% High 39% High 39% High 39% High 39%	SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
HAPPINESS		High	64%
HAPPINESS Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life." High 46% Low 21% Low 21% Medium 31% Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." High 44% Low 25% 50% 75% 100% Low 25% 50% 75% 100% Medium 31% Low 25% 50% 75% 100% Medium 41%	about me are good."	Medium	22%
HAPPINESS Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life." ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." Medium 31% High 44% High 44% Medium 31% Low 25% Medium 31% Medium 41% Medium 47%		Low	14%
e.g., "I am happy with my life." Medium 33% Low 21% Medium 33% ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time." Medium 31% Low 25% 00, 75% 100% Medium 31% Low 25% 00, 75% 100% Medium 41% Medium 47%	HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS         Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."         Medium       31%         Low       25%         Source of sadness         Big       44%         Medium       31%         Low       25%         Medium       44%         Low       25%         Medium       31%         Low       25%         Medium       47%		High	46%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."	e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	33%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."		Low	21%
unhappy a lot of the time." Medium 31% Low 25% GENERAL HEALTH Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?" High 39% Medium 47%	ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
GENERAL HEALTH Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?" High 39% Medium 47%		High	44%
GENERAL HEALTH       0%       25%       50%       75%       100%         Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"       High       39%       Image: Children are asked       47%	unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	31%
GENERAL HEALTH Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?" High 39% Medium 47%		Low	25%
Medium 47%	GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
	Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	39%
Low 14%		Medium	47%
		Low	14%

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset

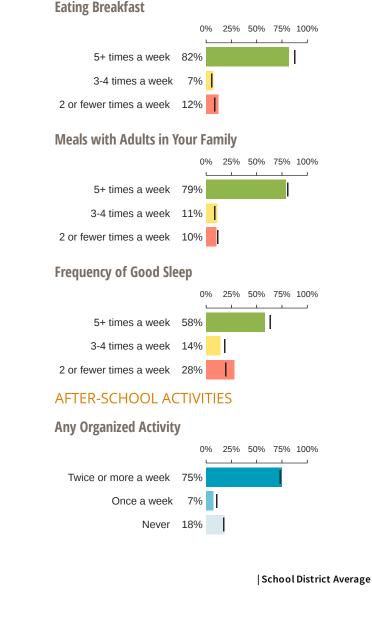


# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

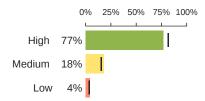
# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP

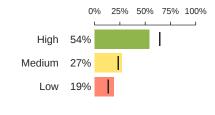


### **Adults at Home**

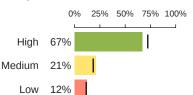


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

78%

I wish I could do additional activities

30%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

8%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	55%	10%	35%
Art or music lessons	48%	34%	17%
Youthorganizations	89%	6%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	51%	18%	31%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	57%	11%	32%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	36
Music and fine arts	16
Friends and playing	12
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	37
I am too busy	34
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	28



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

71%	4%	25%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



19% Really care about me.



22%

Believe that I will

be a success.

21% Listen to me when I have something to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

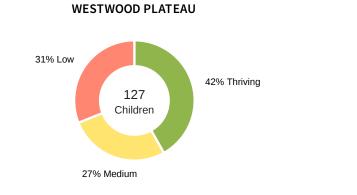
73%	6%	20%
Yes	No	Don't know



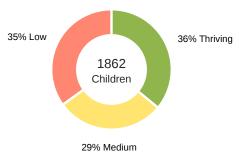
NEIGHBOURHOOD PROFILE 2021/2022 WESTWOOD PLATEAU COQUITLAM

NUMBER OF CHILDREN: 127

# WELL-BEING INDEX



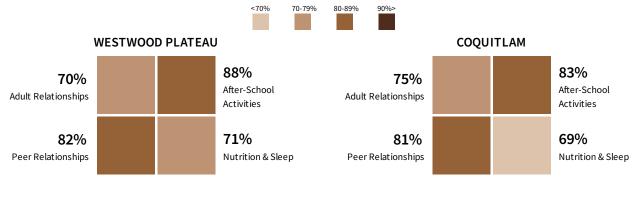
COQUITLAM



MEASURES COMPRISING THE WELL-BEING INDEX

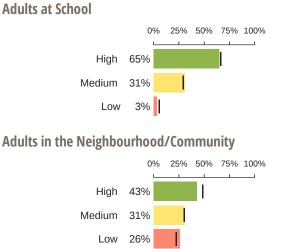
OPTIMISM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."	High	53%
	Medium	29%
	Low	18%
SELF-ESTEEM		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things	High	66%
about me are good."	Medium	23%
	Low	11%
HAPPINESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives.	High	60%
e.g., "I am happy with my life."	Medium	27%
	Low	13%
ABSENCE OF SADNESS		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel	High	55%
unhappy a lot of the time."	Medium	32%
	Low	13%
GENERAL HEALTH		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
Children are asked, "In general, how would you describe your health?"	High	43%
	Medium	48%
	Low	9%

Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset

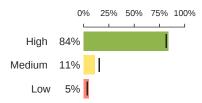


# MEASURES COMPRISING THE ASSETS INDEX

# ADULT RELATIONSHIPS

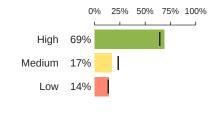


### **Adults at Home**

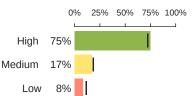


# PEER RELATIONSHIPS

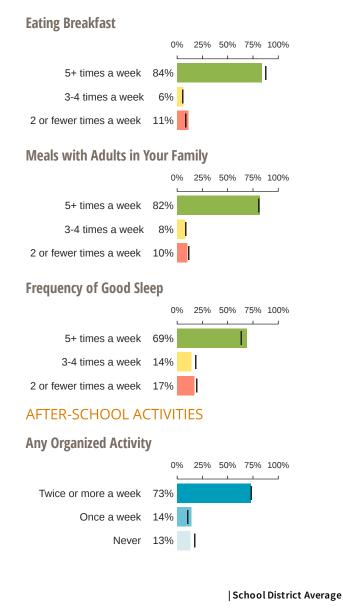
### **Peer Belonging**



### **Friendship Intimacy**



# NUTRITION AND SLEEP



# WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing

80%

I wish I could do additional activities

30%

I am doing some of the activities I want, but I wish I could do more

10%

# AFTER-SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked, "During last week AFTER SCHOOL (from 3 pm - 6 pm), how many days did you participate in":

	Not at all	1x /week	2x +/week
Educational lessons or activities	57%	16%	27%
Art or music lessons	48%	28%	24%
Youthorganizations	91%	3%	5%
Individual sports with a coach or instructor	58%	15%	27%
Team sports with a coach or instructor	53%	14%	33%

TOP WISHES	(Number of students)
Physical and/or outdoor activities	34
Music and fine arts	18
Friends and playing	10
TOP BARRIERS	(Number of students)
I have to go straight home after school	38
I am too busy	24
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	20



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

60%	8%	32%
Yes	No	Don't know

# COMMUNITY BELONGING & SAFETY

# IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO:

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")



18% Really care about me.



be a success.

17% 28% Believe that I will Listen to me when

I have something

to say.



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

80%	7%	14%
Yes	No	Don't know

# MOVING TO ACTION WITH DISCOVERMDI.CA

MDI data can support planning, foster collaboration and inform action across schools, organizations and communities. There are many opportunities for working with your MDI results and there are examples of successful initiatives from across the province to learn from.

We encourage you to take time to visit **Discover MDI: A Field Guide to Well-being in Middle Childhood** at <u>discovermdi.ca</u>, an online resource where you can access information and research on the many aspects of well-being in middle childhood, resources and tools for understanding and sharing MDI data and to connect with MDI Champions who are working on similar issues in their schools and communities. Here are some key resources and tools to get you started:

### **UNDERSTAND YOUR MDI DATA**

MDI reports provide information with both detail and depth into the social and emotional lives of children. Approach the results with a lens of curiosity, inquiry and appreciation. The Discover MDI Field Guide can walk you through how to read and interpret your MDI data (https://www.discovermdi.ca/exploring-mdi-data/). It also provides background research to support further understanding of the MDI data.

### **CHOOSING A FOCUS: THINK BIG, START SMALL**

It may be overwhelming to consider the many opportunities for change presented in the MDI data. Where will your focus be? What results do you have some influence over? How will you make change? For example, if you are interested in the area of social and emotional development, the Discover MDI Field Guide provides in-depth information on the <u>MDI and its dimensions</u> <u>and measures (https://www.discovermdi.ca/intro-to-mdi-dimensions-andindices/)</u>, including the <u>measures of social and emotional</u> <u>development (https://www.discovermdi.ca/social-emotional-development/)</u>.

# **ENGAGING OTHERS**

Increasing local dialogue on the importance of child well-being in the middle years is an excellent way to start improving outcomes for children. Once you are ready, review your MDI report with multiple audiences: children, parents and elders, caregivers and teachers, school administrators, after-school programmers, local early/middle childhood committees, local government and other community stakeholders. Visit the Discover MDI Field Guide for tips and tools to <u>widen the</u> <u>conversation and to think critically about the data together</u> (<u>https://www.discovermdi.ca/sharing-mdi-data/</u>).-

# **MAKING CHANGE**

The MDI provides opportunities to weave together data and local knowledge to create a change process that reflects the unique context of your school, district or community. The Discover MDI Field Guide's 'Making Change Workshops' support school and community change-makers through the process of facilitating exploration of MDI data, creating action teams and turning ideas into concrete plans. There are full facilitation guides for each workshop, paired with worksheets and companion slide decks. Explore workshop resources (https://www.discovermdi.ca/workshops/).

### SHARING DATA WITH CHILDREN

Do the results surprise you or raise further questions? Conversations with children will help explore and clarify results in these areas. Sharing data with children will provide them with an opportunity to share their perspectives and ideas on how to create environments and interactions that help them thrive. If you are wondering how to involve children of all ages and their families in exploring these results, <u>explore MDI essential</u> <u>resources (https://www.discovermdi.ca/category/mdi-essentials/)</u>.

# **BE INSPIRED AND CONNECT WITH OTHERS**

Innovation happens when people build on ideas, rather than simply duplicating them. The Discover MDI Field Guide provides opportunities to learn from seasoned MDI Champions – <u>check</u> <u>out their stories and learn from their approaches</u>,

(https://www.discovermdi.ca/making-change-with-the-mdi/) explore the collection of downloadable tools

(https://www.discovermdi.ca/category/mdi-essentials/) and find upcoming training and learning opportunities

(https://www.discovermdi.ca/category/news-and-events/). Be inspired, edit, adapt or create new!

If you have any additional questions about the MDI project, please visit our website at <u>earlylearning.ubc.ca/mdi</u> or contact the MDI team at <u>mdi@help.ubc.ca</u>.

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For all publications on the MDI including ones on reliability and validity visit, the <u>Discover MDI Field Guide</u> (<u>https://www.discovermdi.ca/references//)</u>.